

Ryefield Primary School

Sex and Relationships Policy

September 2013

1.1 Document Location

This document is only valid on the day it was printed.

The source of the document will be found at this location – [insert folder structure]

1.2 Revision History

Date of this revision: Date of next revision:

	Previous revision date		Changes marked
April 2013		First issue	
September			
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1.3 Approvals

This document requires the following approvals.

Signed approval forms should be filed appropriately in the project filing system.

Name	Signature	Date of Issue	Version

1.4 Distribution

This document has been distributed to:

Name	Title	Date of Issue	Version

Introduction

At Ryefield School we value the importance of sex and relationship education to help and support young people through their physical, emotional and moral development. Effective sex and relationship education is essential if young people are to make responsible and well informed decisions about their lives. It should not be delivered in isolation. It should be firmly rooted within the framework for PSHE, The National Healthy School Standard Guidance and the National Curriculum.

Sex education is provided through the National Curriculum and is the responsibility of the PSHE coordinator. This policy is updated every year.

Parents/carers are at liberty to withdraw their children from sex and relationship education, but this needs to be placed in writing and addressed to the head teacher.

Moral and Values Framework

Sex and relationship education reflects the values of the PSHE and Citizenship programme. SRE will be taught in the context of relationships. In addition SRE will promote self esteem, emotional health, well being and help them to form and maintain worthwhile and satisfying relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others, at home, school, work and in the community.

Aims and Objectives for Sex and Relationship Education

The aim of SRE is to provide children with age appropriate information, explore attitudes and values and develop skills in order to empower them to make positive decisions about their health related behaviour.

The objectives of Sex and Relationship Education are:

- To provide the knowledge and information to which all pupils are entitled;
- To clarify/reinforce existing knowledge;
- To raise pupils' self esteem and confidence, especially in their relationships with others;
- To help pupils understand their sexual feelings and behaviour, so they can lead fulfilling and enjoyable lives;
- To help pupils develop skills (language, decision making, choice, assertiveness) and make the most of their abilities;
- To provide the confidence to be participating members of society and to value themselves and others;
- To help gain access to information and support;
- To develop skills for a healthier safer lifestyle;

- To develop and use communication skills and assertiveness skills to cope with the influences of their peers and the media;
- To respect and care for their bodies;
- To be prepared for puberty and adulthood.

The teaching programme for Sex and Relationship Education Legal requirements

All schools must teach the following as part of the National Curriculum Science Orders, parents do not have the right to withdraw their child/children.

National Curriculum Science

Key Stage 1

- 1. b) that animals including humans, move, feed, grow, and use their senses and reproduce.
- 2. a) to recognise and compare the main external parts of the bodies of humans.
 - f) that humans and animals can reproduce offspring and these grow into adults.
- 3. a) to recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others and treat others with sensitivity.

Key Stage 2

- 1. a) that the life processes common to humans and other animals include nutrition, growth and reproduction.
- 2. f) about the main stages of the human life cycle.

Inclusion

Every child is entitled to receive SRE regardless of ethnicity, gender, religion, age, culture, disability, sexuality, language specials needs, disadvantaged and looked after children.

For children with special needs, teaching and resources may be differentiated as appropriate to address pupil need and for them to have full access to the content of sex and relationship education.

It is our intention for all children have the opportunity to experience a programme of SRE at a level which is appropriate for their age and physical development with differentiated provision if required.

Such a programme can successfully follow the outline given below;

Foundation

Children learn about the concept of male and female and about young animals. In ongoing PSHE work, they develop skills to form friendships and think about relationships with others.

Key Stage 1

Through work in science children learn about life cycles of some animals, understand the idea of growing from young to old and learn that all living things reproduce. They learn about the importance of personal hygiene to maintain good health. In RE and Citizenship children reflect on family relationships, different family groups and friendship. They learn about rituals and traditions associated with birth, marriage and death and talk about the emotions involved. They begin to co-operate with others in work and play and begin to recognise the range of human emotions and ways to deal with them. They also learn about personal safety.

Key Stage 2

In science, children build on their knowledge of life cycles and learn about the basic biology of human reproduction including birth of a baby on years 5 & 6. Children are taught about the physical, emotional and social changes at puberty, which include personal hygiene. In RE and Citizenship, they continue to develop an understanding of relationships within a family, between friends and the community and that there are different patterns of friendship. They will develop skills needed to form relationships and to respect other people's emotions and feelings. They will consider how to make simple choices and exercise some basic techniques for resisting pressures. Sex and relationship education should focus on the development of skills and attitudes not just the acquisition of knowledge.

The organisation of Sex and Relationship Education

SRE is delivered through science, RE, PSHE, Citizenship, literacy activities and circle time. Sex and relationship education is taught by classroom teachers, teaching assistants and if appropriate, outside visitors such as the school nurse.

A range of teaching methods which involve children's full participation are used to teach SRE. These include use of video, discussion, looking at case studies, drama and role play.

SRE is usually delivered in mixed gender groups however, there are occasions in Year 5 where single gender groups are more appropriate and relevant.

Specific Issues

Parental consultation

The school includes information on SRE in the school prospectus and full details are available on request.

The school informs parents when aspects of the SRE programme are taught and provides opportunities for parents to view the videos and resources being used.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from those aspects of sex and relationship education, not included in the National Curriculum Science Orders, alternative work would be set.

However this rarely happens, by working in partnership with parents they recognise the importance of this aspect of their child's education.

Child Protection / Confidentiality

Teachers are aware that effective sex and relationship education, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable in a relationship, may lead to disclosure of a child protection issue.

The staff member will inform the Designated Child Protection person in line with the LEA procedures for child protection.

A member of staff cannot promise a pupil confidentiality if concerns exist.

Dealing with difficult questions

Ground rules are essential to provide an agreed structure to answering sensitive or difficult questions. This framework facilitates the use of an anonymous question box as a distancing technique.

Teachers will endeavour to answer questions as honestly as possible but if faced with a question they do not feel comfortable answering within the classroom, alternative provision will be made to meet the individual child's needs.

Use of visitors

"Visitors should complement but never substitute or replace planned provision. It is the PSHE co-ordinator's and teacher's responsibility to plan the curriculum and lessons." Sex and Relationship Guidance DfEE 0116/2000 P 29 6.11

When appropriate, visitors such as the school nurse may be involved in the delivery of sex and relationship education, particularly in Key Stage 2.

Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring is the responsibility of the head teacher, named governor and teacher with responsibility for sex and relationship education.

The school will assess the effectiveness of the aims, content and methods in promoting students' learning by lesson observation, sampling teachers planning, questionnaires to teachers and children and feedback from parents.

The effectiveness of the SRE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing change if required.

This content has been agreed in consultation with governors and teaching staff.

This policy is freely available to staff and parents.